

OSCE GUIDE General Surgery scenarios with Checklists

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Surgery History Taking

*FIRSTLY: You have to maintain privacy by closing the door, wash your hands with Alcohol then introduce yourself to the patient, do hand shaking with the patient(All of these should occur SIMULTANEOUSLY).

*Ask for a chaperone .

- Patient Profile:
- 1- **Name**
- 2- Age
- 3- Marital status
- 4- Occupation
- 5- Address
- 6- Way of presentation: How did you come here today? ER or OPT ?-When have you been admitted here ? (date and time)

• Chief Complaint:

- 1- Symptoms: What brings you here ?
- **2- Duration:** For how long did you have these symptoms?
- 3- Is there any other complaint ? For which complain you came here ?

• History of presenting complaint : this will be according to the scenario (check the next pages).

Systemic Review :

CVS: no orthopnea, no proximal nocturnal dyspnea, no pitting edema , no . palpitations, no chest pain

RS: no dry cough ,no difficulty breathing , no sputum ,no hemoptysis , no .wheezes

GIS : no nausea , no vomiting , no abdominal flatulence and pain , no diarrhea , .no constipation

MSS: no joint pain, no skin rashes, no muscle weakness or pain, but there's .generalized fatigue

CNS: no confusion, tingling on her right hand, no visual disturbances, no .dizziness on standing up, no loss of consciousness, no numbness

GU: no pain on urination, no frequency ,no oliguria, no urgency, no hesitancy, .no incontinence

ES: no heat intolerance, no cold intolerance, no neck masses, no sweating

• **Past Medical History**: start by (I'm going to ask you some questions about your past medical history):

1-Do you have chronic disease like Hypertension , DM ?

- 2- When were you diagnosed ?
- 3- How do you keep your disease under control?

4- Did you visit a doctor recently for any infection?

5- Have you had any previous surgery ?

6- what is it ? why did you take the surgery ? at which hospital ? how long did you stay at hospital ? how were you diagnosed ?

7- Did you have any complications during or after the surgery ?

<u>8 – Have you been admitted to the hospital before ? is it for the same reason or different reason ?</u>

9- Have you been exposed to Radiation before ?

• **Drug History :**

<u>1- Do you take any over the counter or prescribed drug ?</u>

- 2- Why did you take that drug?
- 3- What the dose of it ? Are you committed to it ?
- 4- How many times do you take the drug per a day ? (this is called Frequency)
- 5- For how long have you been taking this drug ?
- 6- Did you have any side effects or complications of the drug ?

• Family History :

1- Are your parents alive ?

2- Is there any member of your family who died from inherited disease ?

3- Is there any history of **cancer** in your family ?

4-Is there any history of **autoimmune** diseases ?

• Social History :

1- Smoking : Do you smoke ? How much ? For how long ?

2- Alcohol : Do you drink Alcohol ? For how long ?

- 3- Recent travel : Have you ever travelled anywhere recently ? where ?
- 4- Drug Abuse : Have you ever used any illegal drug ? For how long ?
- **5- Allergies** : What are you allergic to ? What are the symptoms ?
- 6- Diet: what type of food do you often eat ? such as: salty food ,licorice and iodine.
- 7- Insurance : Do you have health insurance here in our hospital ?
- 8- Ventilation : Are you living in good ventilated home ?
- 9 Economic state : Are you living in a rented house or owned house?
- **10- Pets** : Do you have any pets ?

HOPI for Bleeding per rectum : very important !

*Ask about the following :

- -Onset (sudden or gradual) / Timing (continuous or episodic).
- -Character (mixed with blood or not).
- -Manner (How did you notice it) ?
- -Amount.
- -Consistency (is it thick or thin bleeding ?)
- -Anal pain / Anal discharges .
- Anal Lump : Do you feel a mass at your anal region ?
- -Abdominal pain / Abdominal distension .
- Clots or mucous .
- -Tenesmus : do you feel incomplete emptying of your bowel ?
- -Itching
- -Change in bowel habits : did you keep alternating between diarrhea and constipation?
- Relation to defecation : Do you always bleed when you defecate ?
- Color of blood or stool and its odor
- -Melena : do you have black sticky stool that is hard to flush or clean ?
- -Hematemesis : have you ever vomited blood ? does it have coffee like clots ?
- -Fresh or old blood : did you pass fresh or old blood ?
- -Shape and caliber of feces : were the feces shape and size normal ?
- -Bleeding from other sites .
- -Bleeding without defecation : do you have spontaneous bleeding ?
- -Trauma or recent colonoscopy : did you do colonoscopy recently ?
- -Dysphagia, mouth ulcers, abdominal swelling.
- -Previous Attacks .

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* **Suggested Investigations** : CT angio , colonscopy , barium enema ,radio-isotopescan.

* **Suggested DDx**: Diverticulitis , IBD, colon cancer.

***NOTES**:

*In the drug history of this scenario, ask about aspirin use.

 $\ast In$ systemic review of this scenario , ask about Loss of consciousness ,tachycardia and jaundice .

HOPI for Dysphagia

*Ask about the following :

-Onset (sudden or gradual).

Timing (continuous or episodic).

-Progression : Does it get worse by time ?

-Exacerbating and Reliving factors .

- Nature : Do you have dysphagia for solids or liquids or both ?

-Pain on swallowing .

-Hoarseness of voice .

-Early satiety.

-Level of stucking of food .

-Aspiration : do you aspirate food or fluids to your lungs ?

-Indigestion /Heartburn / Abdominal pain .

-Melena : do you have black sticky stool that is hard to flush or clean ?

-Hematemesis : have you ever vomited blood ? does it have coffee like clots ?

-Fatigue /cough / wheezes and chest pain .

-Ptosis and diplopia : do you feel dropping of your upper eyelid or double vision ?

- Skin tightness or discoloration .

-Halitosis : do you have bad breath odor ?

-Previous Attacks .

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* Suggested Investigations : Labs : CBC

imaging : CT or MRI, barium swallow ,endoscopy.

* **Suggested DDx**: -plummer Vinson syndrome, PUD, malignancy.

HOPI for Constipation

*Ask about the following :

-Meaning of constipation : Is it decrease frequency of defecation or hard defecation ?
-Onset (sudden or gradual).

-Character of stool : colour, odor , consistency .

-Frequency of defecation : how many times do you go to the bathroom normally ? -Tenesmus : do you feel incomplete emptying of your bowel ?

-Obstipation : you have difficulty for passing stool only or with gases as well ?

- Anal pain .

-Abdominal distension / abdominal pain .

-Mucous or blood in stool : amount , color , clot or mixing stool with them .

-Diet : do you eat low fiber diet ?

-Recent operations.

-Immobility of patient .

-Decrease oral intake of fluids : do you drink much water ?

-vomiting, anorexia, increase of bowel sounds, pallor weakness.

-Signs of hypothyroidism : weight gain , cold intolerance etc .

-Signs of Hypocalcemia : taking Ca , facial twitching, slow heartbeat....etc

-Previous Attacks .

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* Suggested Investigations : Labs : CBC, TFTs, PTH

imaging : X-ray, barium enema, colonoscopy...

* Suggested DDx: Intestinal obstruction , Paralytic ileus, intestinal cancer.

***NOTES :**

*In the drug history of this scenario, ask about Calcium intake, antidiarrheal drugs use and painkillers.

HOPI for Diarrhea

*Ask about the following :

-Meaning of Diarrhea : Is it increase frequency of defecation or loose defecation ?
-Onset (sudden or gradual).

-Character of stool : color, odor , consistency .

-Frequency of defecation : how many times do you go to the bathroom normally ?

-Tenesmus : do you feel incomplete emptying of your bowel ?

- Anal pain .

-Abdominal distension / abdominal pain .

-Mucous or blood in stool : amount , color , clot or mixing stool with them .

- -Oral Ulcers and eye problems .
- -Fluid overload : do you drink much water ?

-Hx of immunization : did you take any recent vaccines ?

-Recent infections

-Heartburn, vomiting.

-Regurgitation and hematemesis : do you regurgitate food ? do you vomit blood ? -Hx of ulcers : do you have any ulcers ?

-Signs of hyperthyroidism :weight loss, heat intolerance Etc

-Previous Attacks .

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* Suggested Investigations : Labs : CBC, TFTs, ANA.

imaging : X-ray, barium enema, colonoscopy, endoscopy.

* **Suggested DDx**: IBD , Infectious or traveler's diarrhea , Hyperthyrodism.

***NOTES**:

*In the drug history of this scenario, ask about laxatives, thyroxine, antibiotcs.

HOPI for Jaundice :VERY IMPORTANT

*Ask about the following :

-Onset (sudden or gradual).

-Manner : how did you notice it ?

- **Progression** : Does it get worse by time ?

-Hx of blood transfusion.

-Pale stool / Tea colored(dark) urine / Itching .

-RUQ pain and fever .

-Loss of appetite

-Previous blood transfusion and IV drug abuse .

-Previous Hepatitis Immunizations .

-Weight loss and anorexia .

-Steatorrhea : do you have sticky stool that is floating and hard to flush or clean ? -Melena : do you have black sticky stool that is hard to flush or clean ?

-Hematemesis : have you ever vomited blood ? does it have coffee like clots ?

-Diarrhea / Constipation / Tenesmus (previously mentioned).

-Nausea without vomiting .

-Change in bowel habits (previously mentioned).

-Abdominal distension/pain.

-Contact with sick people .

-Previous Attacks .

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* Suggested Investigations : Labs : CBC, Bilirubin ,LFTs .

imaging : RUQ US, Ct abdomen .

* Suggested DDx:Obstructive Jaundice , Malignancy , cholangitis ,hepatitis .

***NOTES**:

*Ask about previous Lap Chole for Gallbladder stones in surgical hx.

*Ask about NSAIDS in drug history .

*To confirm obstructive jaundice : do ALT , AST, ALP , GGT , Bilirubin

HOPI for Ulcer

*Ask about the following :

-Time : when did you notice it ? -Progression : Is it getting worse or good ? - Manner : How did you notice it ? -Size, Site, Changes of ulcer. -Disappearance. -Other ulcers. -Painful of painless . -Itching. - Discharges -Redness, hotness, swelling, fever. -Skin discoloration. -Trauma or previous surgery. -heating or liquid injury. -Claudication or rest pain . -Hair loss . -Ankle swelling -Fever, redness, hotness, enlarged lymph nodes. -Previous Attacks ? on the same site ? -Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever, rigors, night sweating, weight loss, loss of appetite, rashes and joint pain.

* Suggested Investigations : Labs : CBC, KFTs , HBA1C , free blood sugar .
 imaging : US, CT abdomen ,Doppler US then biopsy
 * Suggested DDx: Cellulitis , Diabetic ulcer ,PVD .

***NOTES :**

*In the PMH , ask about hx of DVT , DM , varicose veins ,HTN , IHD ,TIA

HOPI for Hematemesis

*Ask about the following :

-Onset (sudden or gradual).

-Duration of each episode .

-Exacerbating or relieving factors .

-Forceful vomiting: Do you vomit forcefully ?

-Progression : Does it get worse by time ?

-Frequency: Do you always vomit blood ?

-Nature : Fresh blood or occult ?

-Clots ? Coffee ground ?

-Color of blood ?

-Melena : do you have black sticky stool that is hard to flush or clean ?

-Painful or painless vomiting .

-Dysphagia, for solids or liquids

- Bleeding from other sites .

-Indigestion, Heartburn.

-Previous Attacks .

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever, rigors, night sweating, weight loss, loss of appetite, rashes and joint pain.

* **Suggested Investigations** : Labs : CBC, Coagulation profile , urea breath test . imaging : endoscopy , angiography ,CT or MRI .

* Suggested DDx: PUD, esophageal varices, Mallory –Weiss tearing (In alcoholics).

***NOTES :**

*Ask about Jaundice, Clubbing, SOB, palpitation, Dizziness in systemic review. *Ask about warfarin, heparin and aspirin in drug history. *In social Hx, ask about alcohol.

HOPI of Anorectal pain

*Ask about the following :

-do SOCRATES .

-progression .

-Relation to defecation .

-pain free intervals

-Diarrhea or constipation .

- -bleeding per rectum
- -Mucous discharges (if yes, analyze it)
- -Tenesmus, Itching

-Fecal incontinence .

-Mouth or perinal ulcers

- -swelling in perineum : do you feel any mass at your anal region ?
- -Recent trauma, or colonoscopy

- Previous Attacks ? on the same site ?

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* Suggested Investigations : CBC , sigmoidoscopy , endo anal US.

* Suggested DDx: fissures , perianal abscess,trauma , ulcers

HOPI for Epigastric Abdominal Pain

*Ask about the following :

-do SOCRATES

- -Indigestion
- -Heartburn
- -Jaundice
- -Fever
- -RUQ pain
- -SOB
- -Diaphoresis.
- -Previous Attacks .

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* **Suggested Investigations** : Labs : CBC, Bilirubin ,LFTs . imaging : US, CT abdomen , endoscopy .

* Suggested DDx: Pancreatitis, Malignancy, Lower lobe MI.

HOPI for RIF Abdominal Pain

*Ask about the following :

-do SOCRATES

-Where did you first notice the pain ? where did it go ?

-Anorexia, Fever, Vomiting

-Oral Ulcers , back pain , Blood with stool., changes on bowel habits

-Urine color ,blood in urine , pain on urination.

-Heartburn, Epigastric pain, pain in relation to food.

-Vaginal bleeding, vaginal discharge, pain related to menstrual cycle (for female) -lumps in groin groin area, previous UTIs

-stool characters

-Previous Attacks .

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* **Suggested Investigations** : Labs : CBC, Bilirubin ,LFTs , B-HCG(for female) imaging : US, CT abdomen , colonscopy,X-ray .

* **Suggested DDx**: Crohn's disease, Appendicitis ,perforated peptic ulcer.

HOPI for Gastric Outlet obstruction(C.C is vomiting)

*Ask about the following :

-Onset (sudden or gradual).
- Progression : Does it get worse by time ?
-Character : color , amount , mucous or blood in it , component .
-Time : when does it occur ? before meals or after meals ?
-Anorexia ?
-Indigestion or bloating ?
-Epigastric pain ?
-Weight loss ? since when ?
-Hematemesis ?
-Abdominal distension ?
- Previous Attacks ? on the same site ?
-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* **Suggested Investigations** : CBC, CT , barium study , X-ray.

* Suggested DDx: Malignancy, PUD, Pancreatitis, Large gastric polyps.

NOTES : In PMH , ask about previous PUD .

HOPI for Leg pain

*Ask about the following :

-do SOCRATES
-Unilateral or bilateral .
-Does the pain interfere with your daily life ?
-Skin discoloration ,Hotness ,paralysis , paresthesia ,rest pain .
-Ulceration ? Unilateral or bilateral .
-Claudication pain : Do you feel pain when you walk ?
-Joint swelling , stiffness, any deformities .
-Swelling , redness, fever ,malaise ,hotness, itching,hx of long travel .
-Hx of trauma or fracture .
-Fecal or urinary incontinence .
Previous Attacks .
-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* Suggested Investigations : Labs : CBC, Uric acid ,RF.
imaging : US, CT, Doppler. .
* Suggested DDx: DVT, neurological causes ,vascular causes .

*NOTES : If was female pt, ask about OCs in the drug hx.

HOPI for Neck Lump

*Ask about the following :

-**Time** :When did you notice it ?

-Manner : How did you notice it ?

-Size (when you noticed it) , changes to size .

-Disappearance: does it disappear ?

-How big it is ?

-Shape

-Mobility : does it move with eating or swallowing ?

-Other lumps .

-Painful or painless .

-Skin changes , ulceration.

-Compressive symptoms :

Dysphagia, dyspnea, hoarseness of voice, wheezes and stridor, limitation of neck movement

-Pulsatile or not : do you feel any pulsation on the lump ?

-headache, dizziness.

-Trauma .

-Increase size after eating, choking when lying down .

-Hemoptysis, insect bites.

-Eye changes .

-Relation to food, upper limb weakness.

Symptoms of Hypo and Hyperthyroidism : weight gain or loss, heat or cold intolerance..... etc

-Previous Attacks ? on the same site ?

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever, rigors, night sweating, weight loss, loss of appetite, rashes and joint pain.

* Suggested Investigations : Labs : CBC, TFTs , thyroid Antibodies .

imaging : US, CT abdomen ,X-ray also you can do Biopsy .

* **Suggested DDx**: Lymph node enlargement , Malignancy ,pharyngeal pouch.

HOPI for Breast Lump

*Ask about the following :

If the patient has pain , Do SOCRATES then proceed in the history . If not , proceed in the history .

*Lump History :

-Time : When did you notice it ?
-Manner :How did you notice it ?
-Size : How big it is ?
-Change to size .
-Disappearance: Does it disappear or not ?
-Shape .
-Mobility : Is it mobile or not ?
-Other lumps
-Painful or painless.
-Skin changes ? Ulceration ? Skin thickening ?

*Nipple Hx : (7 Ds)

-Discoloration.

-Destruction (changes in shape).

-Displacement (changes in site).

-**Discharge** : amount , color ,consistency ,spontaneous , from nipple or beside it ,other nipples .

-Deviation (changes in projection).

- -Depression(Inversion)
- -Duplication .

*Areola Hx :

Changes in :

- -Color
- -Shape
- -Discharges
- -Ulcers

*Menstrual Hx :

-Age of menarche (if menopause, age of menopause).

-Last menstrual period ? How long does it last ? Is it regular or not ?Amount of blood ?

-do you have **Children** ?

-When was the 1st child ?

-Contraceptives usage

-Size change of lump in relation to menstruation .

-Breastfeeding ? for how long ?

-Previous Attacks ? on the same site ?

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* Suggested Investigations : Hx and PE.

Us and mammogram FNA +core Biposy CT scan + BRCA2 mutation

* Suggested DDx:

If **Painful** :Inflammatory CA, periductal mastitis, Abscess . If **Painless** :Fibroadenoma , cyst ,fibrocystic changes

HOPI for Nipple Discharge

*Ask about the following :

*Discharge History :

-Time : when did you notice it ?

-Manner : How did you notice it ?

- -Changes in discharges ?
- -Disappearance : Does the discharges disappear ?
- -Pervious Discharges ?
- -Unilateral or bilateral discharges ?
- -Color ?

-Amount?

-Consistency: are they thin or thick discharges ?

-Spontaneous or not : does you discharge spontaneously or not ?

-From nipples or beside it ?

*Nipple Hx : ask about 7Ds

*Other Hx:

-weight changes .

-Nausea and vomiting

-headache, anorexia, weakness

-constipation

-Last menstrual period , oral contraceptive uses , Amenorrhea , milky discharges ?

-Amenorrhea

-Previous Attacks ? on the same site ?

-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* Suggested Investigations : Labs : TFTs , B-HCG .
imaging : Swab , FNA , mammography
* Suggested DDx: prolactinoma , malignancy ,pregnancy, puberty

HOPI for Breast pain (Mastalgia)

*Ask about the following :

-do SOCRATES .
-Lumps : is there any lump ?
-Skin changes ? discoloration ? hotness at your tender breast ?
-Nipple discharges or changes ?
-Relation of pain to Menstrual period ? last menstrual period ?
-Trauma ?
-Pain on other sites ? relation to activity ?
-Previous Attacks ? on the same site ?
-Constitutional symptoms for malignancy : fever , rigors , night sweating , weight loss, loss of appetite , rashes and joint pain .

* Suggested Investigations : Labs : ,CBC, TFTs , B-HCG ,prolactin.
imaging : US , FNA , mammography
* Suggested DDx:
if pain is related to menstruation → cyclic mastalgia ,fibrocystic changes .

if pain isn't related to menstruation \rightarrow mastitis , ductal ectasia ,inflammatory breast cancer .

***NOTES**:

If the patient has LUMP or Nipple discharges you have to analyze it !!

Checklists

Hashemite University End of Surgery Rotation Clinical Examination (OSCE) 6th year / 2016- 2017 29/03/2017 Station (History Taking) Simulated patient Sheet Gastric Outlet Obstruction

Mr. All is a 57 year old man presented to the Emergency Department with the complaints of - The vomitus is undigested food with no yellowish discoloration vomiting for the last 3 days

- The vomiting is usually 1 hour after each meal

- Anorexia for the last week

- Bloating and indigestion for the last week - Epigastrie abdominal distension - Weight loss from 80-70 kg in the last 6 months
- History of vague epigastric pain for the last 4 months

- No history of previous attacks

- No history of diagnosed PUD

- No past medical history

- No past surgical history

- Not on medication
- · Father died of gastric cancer - Smoker, doesn't drink alcohol

Hashemite University End of Surgery Rotation Clinical Examination (OSCE) 6th year / 2016- 2017 29/03/2017 Station (History Taking) Candidate Sheet

QUESTION: A 57 year-old-male patient presented to the emergency department complaining of vomiting.

- (1) Take a focused history
- (2) Give three possible causes
- (3) Give two diagnostic investigations
- (4) What's your initial management plan for the acute condition?

End of Surgery Rotation Clinical Examination (OSCR-1) 3/12/2017

- 53 year old male patient
- C/O: Yellow discoloration of eye of 2 weeks duration .
- No abdominal pain
- Nausea but no vomiting .
- Weight loss 8 kg over the last month .
- Loss of appetite .
- Dark urine .
- Pale stool
- itching
- no abdo distension
- loose bowel movement
- No fever, Chills or rigors
- Drinks alcohol 3 units per week
- Not a smoker
- no recent Hx of travel
- No Hx of Drug abuse / injection
- No previous blood Transfusion
- No recent Hx of contact with sick people • PMHx: Lap Chole 2 years ago for Gallstones

The Hashemite University End of Surgery Rotation Clinical Examination (OSCE-1) 6th year Group A / 2017- 2018 22/11/2017 - Prince Hamzah Hospital

COD A

Acute PR Bleeding

Student name:		
University Number:	0.5	1
I-Introduction and consent:	0.5	
(Introduction and permission, Privacy, Position)		
II-Chief complaint.	0.5	
Ask about chief complaint and duration	0.3	
III-PR bleeding characters	0.5	
Olid dark blood not fresh	0.5	
Blood mixed with stool not separate	0.5	
Amount of blood 3 cups	0.5	
Previous similar episode 2 months ago	0.5	
No clots	0.5	
No melena	0.5	
No hematemesis or coffee ground vomiting	0.5	1
No anal Pain	0.5	1
No tenesmus	0.5	
No anal lumps	0.5	1
Shape and caliber of faces	0.5	
Change of bowel habits: constipation but no diarrhea	0.5	
No abdominal pain	0.5	
No weight loss	0.5	
No Abdominal distension	0.5	The second
No jaundice	0.5	
No dizziness or loss of consciousness	0.5	
Takes aspirin but no warfarin		
Mention 3 differential diagnoses	1.5	
Colonic tumour, diverticular disease, angiodyspitasia, anorectai contonium		1000
Discreting Tests to locate the bleeding	1.5	
CT angio, angio, radio isotope scan, colonoscopy	2	
Approach and Organization		
Total mark (number and written)	15	
10121 marx (number and		
Examiner 1 name and signature:		
Examiner 2 name and signature:		

Bleeding per recutm Hx

Bleeding per rectum :

54 years-old Pateint came to ER complaining of bleeding PR take History :

.1	History		Student
.2	Introduce you	ur self	
-3	Permission		
.4	Patient ID		
-5	Chief compla	in and the duration	
.6	bleeding analysis:		
		Onset	
		frequancy	
		amount	
		color	
		clots	
		mucus	
		Relation to defecation (mixed , end or	
		on toilet paper	
		Painful	
.7	Stool		
	analysis:		
		Change in bowel habit	
		frequency	
		consistency	
.8		color ,odor	
.9		poor caliber straining	
10		mass prolapsed	
.11		anal discharge	
.12		Itching tenesmus	

- 6	12		0	
I	13	Other		
I		symptoms:		
I			Fever, nausea, vomilting	
I			bleeding from other sites	

		brusing (hematamesis,hematuria,hemoptysis)	
		dysphagia,odenophgia,mouth ulcers ,heartburn	
		distention, swelling in the abdomen	
		weight loss,anorexia.	
14	symptoms of	anemia	
15	Past medica	l history	
16	Family histo	ry	
17	Social histor	у	
18	Drug history	/	

Question to be asked after taking this history:

2. What other things would you like to do to confirm a diagnosis? Physical examination, lab test, imaging and biopsy

3. Lab tests and imaging modalities which are needed to confirm your diagnosis?

Student name:

History Station – Dysphagia	Total Sco	re:/20
1 point each	Check	score
1. Proper introduction.		1
2. Solid, fluids or both.		1
3. Onset and duration.		1
4. Pain on swallowing.		1
5. Progression.		1
6. Indigestion, heart burn, abdominal pain.		1
7. Early satiety.		1
8. Fever, weight loss, anorexia.		1
9. Hoarseness of voice.		1
10. Chest pain, cough, wheezes.		1
11. Discoloration of the limbs, skin tightness.		1
12. Fatigue, ptosis, diplopia.		1
13. Past medical and surgical history.		1
14. Drug history.		1
15. Social history: smoking and alcohol.		1
16. Family history of any illness.		1

Q2: mention 2 possible diagnoses (2 points).

- 1. Esophegeal CA.
- 2. Achalasia.
- 3. GERD.
- 4. Hiatal hernia.

Q3: mention 2 investigations you want to do (2 points).

- 1. Endoscopy.
- 2. Barium swallow.
- 3. CT. MRI. Esophageal manometry. 24 hour PH monitoring.
- 4. CBC.

Hashemite University End of Surgery Rotation Clinical Examination (OSCE-1) 4th year / 2017- 2018 3/12/2017

Obstructive Jaundice

tudent name:	
niversity Number:	
-Introduction and consent:	0.5
(Introduction and permission, Privacy, Position)	
II-Chief complaint.	
Ask about chief complaint and duration	0.5
III-History of present illness	
Dark urine	0.5
Pale stool	0.5
itching	0.5
Nausea but no Vomiting	0.5
Change of bowel habits: loose	0.5
Weight loss 8 kg / one month	0.5
Loss of appetite	0.5
No abdominal pain	0.5
No Fever and chills	0.5
No Abdominal distension	0.5
Drinks acohol 3 units per week	0.5
No smoking	0.5
Lap chole for GS	0.5
No recent Hx of travel	0.5
No recent Hx of contact with sick people	0.5
No Hx of Drug abuse / injection	0.5
No previous blood Transfusion	0.5
Mention 3 differential diagnosis(each 0.5 mark)	
Peri-ampulary tumors, CBD stones, CBD stricture	1.5
Mention 2Blood tests to confirm obstructive jaundice(each 0.5 mark)	1.0
ALT, AST, ALP, Bilirubin, GGT	1
Mention 2Imaging Diagnostic Tests(each 0.5 mark)	
AbdoASS, CT scan, MRCP	1
Approach and Organization	2
Total mark (number and written)	
Examiner 1 name and signature:	15
Examiner 2 name and signature:	

History of jaundice:

1)introduce yourself	
2)gain consent or ask for permission	
3)ask about pt.'s name ,age, occupation ,and marital status	
4)ask about chief complaint and duration	
*History of CC:	
5)ask about coarse(intermittent ,progressive)	
6)ask about RUQ pain	
7)pale stool/tea colored urine	
8)itching	
9)weight loss/anorexia	
10)nausea ,vomiting ,fever	
11)steatorrhea, diarrhea, constipation, tenesmus	
12)melena/hematamesis/bleeding per rectum	
13)Hx of same condition	
14)history of blood transfusions ,IV drug abuse, alcohol, and sexual Hx	
*systems review(palpitations ,SOB ,numbness ,depression ,fatigue)	
*Past medical/surgical:	
15)Hx of Hep. vaccine	
16)Hx of biliary system surgeries or any surgery	
17)chronic illness (DM, HTN)	
*Family history:	
18)any family member had the same condition(hepatitis ,jaundice	
,liver disease)	
19)family Hx of blood disorder	
*Drugs/Allergies:	
20)pt.'s drugs (esp. NSAID's, acetaminophen ,Sulfanomides)	
21)ask about allergies	

History of Lower quadrant pain :

20year-old female, presented to ER complaining of RLO pain of less than 1 day duration. Take a focused history.

1.	Introduce your	r self	Student
2.	Take a permiss	ion	
3.	Privacy		
4.	Patient ID		
5.	Chief complain	and	
	duration		
6.		Site	
		Shifting	
		Onset	
	F	Radiation	
	Т	Timing	
	S	Severity	
	F	Reliving	
		Aggravatin	
		g factors	
		ssociated ymptoms :	
7.	Fever, chills, rig	gors	
8.	Anorexia		
9.	Weight loss		
10.	Change in Bow		
11.	Stool character	r	
12.	Abdominal dist	tention	
13.	Heart burn or		
	regurgitation		
14.	Dysphagia, ody		
15.	back pain , arthral		
16.	sings of anemia		
17.	urology sympto colic)	oms (renal	
18.	Gynecological s	symptoms	
19.	Previous attack		
20.	Past medical hi	istory	
21.	Family history		
22.	Social history		
23.	Drug History		

Question to be asked after taking this history:

1. Give 3 differential diagnoses Appendicitis, chrohn's, gynecological causes

2. What other things would you like to do to confirm a diagnosis? Physical examination, lab test, imaging and biopsy

3. Lab tests and imaging modalities which are needed to confirm your diagnosis?

4. If the lab results were (-----) what is your Final diagnosis?

History of Neck Swelling

<u>46 vear-old male patient, presented to ER complaining of neck swelling. Take a</u>

focused history.

			Student
1	Introduce yourself		
2	Take a Permission		
3	Patient ID	Name	
		Age	
		Occupation	
		Marital	
		status	
4	Chief complain and the duration		
3	Swelling assessment	When	
		Pay	
		attention	
		Site	
		Size	
		(changes)	
		Ever	
		disappear	
		Other	
		swellings	
		Painful/Tend erness	
		Discharge ?	
	Uncomfortable swallowing	Discharge :	
4 5	Dyspnea, stridors		
6	Horseness of voice		
	Limitation of neck movement		
7	Symptoms of hyperthyroidism or	CV5	
°	hypothyroidism	CVS	
	nyponyroidisin	Nervous	
		Metabolic(
		sweating,	
		Trembling)	
		Bowel habits	
		MSS	
9	Eye changes		
10	Relation to eating (regurgitation)		
11	Relation to mastication		
12	Upper limb claudicating,		
	numbness		

13	Dizziness, headache		
14	Hx of previous RS infection		
15	Constitutional symptoms		
16	Bone pain		
17	Hx of trauma		
18	Hx of radiation		
19	Past med. Hx		
20	Past surgical Hx		
21	Drug Hx	Iodine intake	
		allergy	
22	Social Hx		
23	Family Hx		

Question to be asked after taking this history:

Give 3 differential diagnoses?

-----, -----, ------, ------,

2. What other things would you like to do to confirm a diagnosis? Physical examination, lab test, imaging and biopsy

3. Lab tests and imaging modalities which are needed to confirm your diagnosis?

4. If the lab results were (-----) what is your Final diagnosis?

<u>Ulcer History:</u>

61 year-old male patient, presented to ER complaining of ulcer in the left foot. Take a focused history.

1.	Introduction	
2.	Permission	
3.	Privacy	
4.	Patient profile	
5.	CC & duration	
6.	Site	
7.	When was first noticed	
8.	What brought the	
	attention	
9.	What does it effect	
10.	Progression/ change in	
	(size, shape, pain,	
	discharge and bleeding)	
11.	The cause(trauma)	
12.	Previous attacks (other	
	limb)	
13.	Fever, chills and rigors	
14.		
15.	Anorexia	
16.	controlled	
17.	Since when	
18.	Retinopathy	
19.	Neuropathy	
20.		
21.	Parasthesia	
22.	Numbness	
1.	MI	
2.	TIA IHD	
3.		
4.	Hypertension Smoking	
5. 6.	Smoking Claudication	
	Weakness in the limbs	
7.		
8.	Rest pain Palaitation	
9.	Palpitation	
10.	Chest pain	
11.	Dyspnea Apkla swalling	
12.	Ankle swelling	

13.	DVT
14.	Varicose veins
15.	Pigmentation
16.	Infective (cough, hemoptysis)
17.	DDx
18.	ischemic
19.	Neuropathic
20.	trauma
21.	Venous
22.	infective

History of intestinal obstruction

a 35 year old female pt, comes to the ER C\O central abdominal pain and vomiting, take a focused history

			Student
1)	Introduce yourself		
2)	Take permission		
3)	Insure the pt. name		
4)	Privacy		
5)	Chief complain , Duration		
6)	pain :		
		site	
		onset	
		character	
		radiation	
		associated symptom ,	
		Fever	
		time\progression \ if	
		continuous	
		exacerbating and	
		reliving factor	
->	Manathianta	Severity	
7)	Vomiting :	amount	
		color and content	
		frequency	
		Timing, immediate after eat or after few	
		hours	
		contain blood, mucus	
		if it is associated with	
		the pain	
		its effect on the pain	
		its criect on the pain	

		preceded by Nausea	
		Hx of headache,	
		vertigo, dysphasia,	
		odynophagia	
8)	Distention		
9)	Constipation (last defecation, pass flatus)		
10)	Painful anus(fissure, a	bscess)	
11)	Malignancies symptor fatigue	ns :Wt loss, anorexia,	
12)	Gall stone symptom :F fatty meal	RUQ pain, jaundice,	
13)	TB contact		
14)	Spinal surgery or fract hemorrhage)	ure(retroperitoneal	
15)	Last menstrual cycle		
16)	Past history :Surgeries	s , same attacks	
17)	Drug History		
18)	Family History: of abd	ominal malignancy	
19)	Social history : smokir	ng , alcohol	

Question to be asked after taking this history:

- 1. Give 3 differential diagnoses?
- Intestinal obstruction Paralytic ileus
- -Tumors
- _ Gall stone ileus
- Retroperitoneal hemorrhage _
- Painful anus

2. What other things would you like to do to confirm a diagnosis? Physical examination lab test imaging

3. Lab tests and imaging modalities which are needed to confirm your diagnosis?

- Plan abd. X-ray Barium enema
- Colonoscopy CT scan
- -

4. If the lab results were (-----) what is your Final diagnosis?