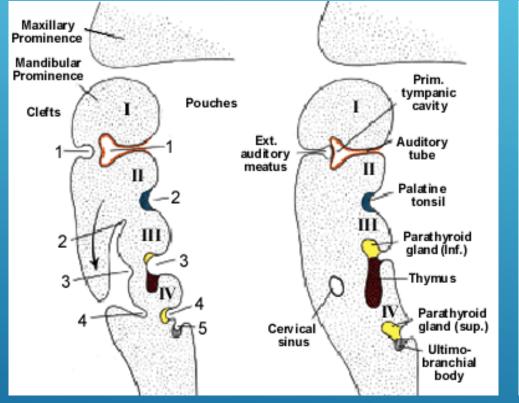
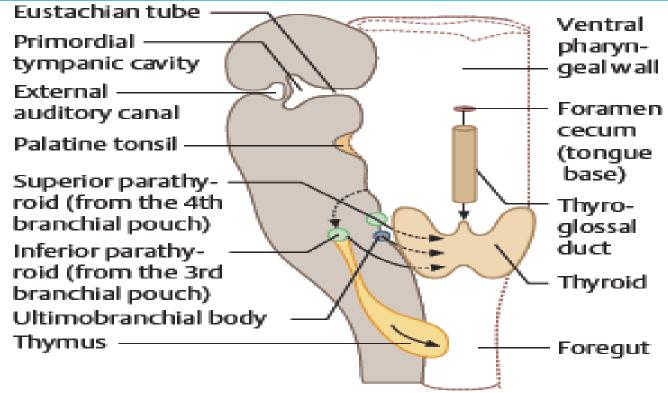
Dr. Sohail Bakkar Asst. Prof. of Endocrine Surgery The Hashemite University

THROGLOSSAL DUCT CYST





Most common congenital cervical anomaly Most common developmental anomaly of the thyroid gland

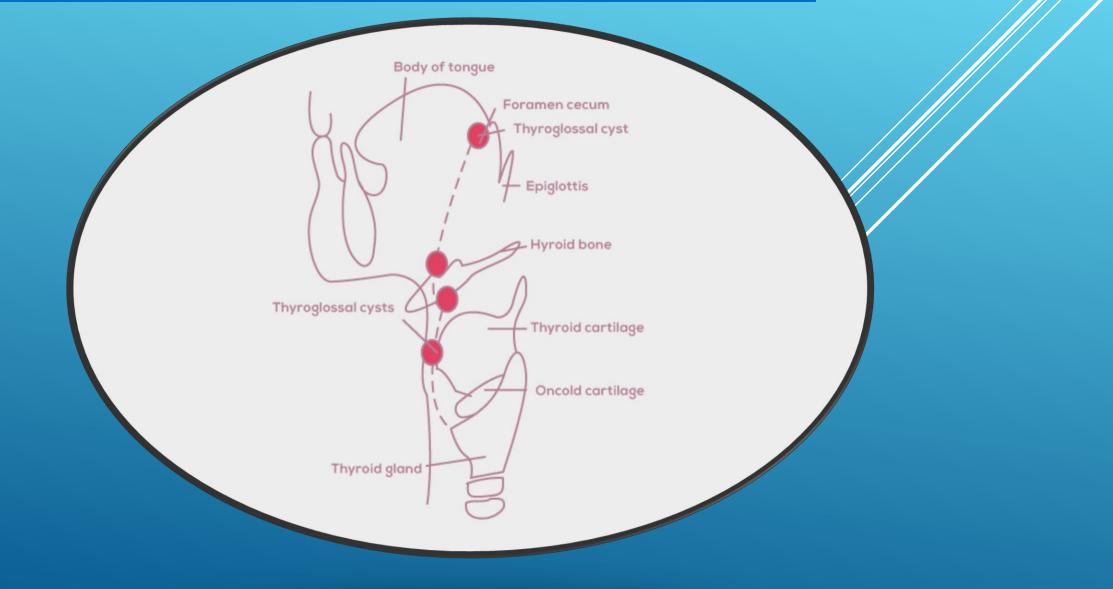
K) MOVEMENT WITH TONGUE PROTRUSI

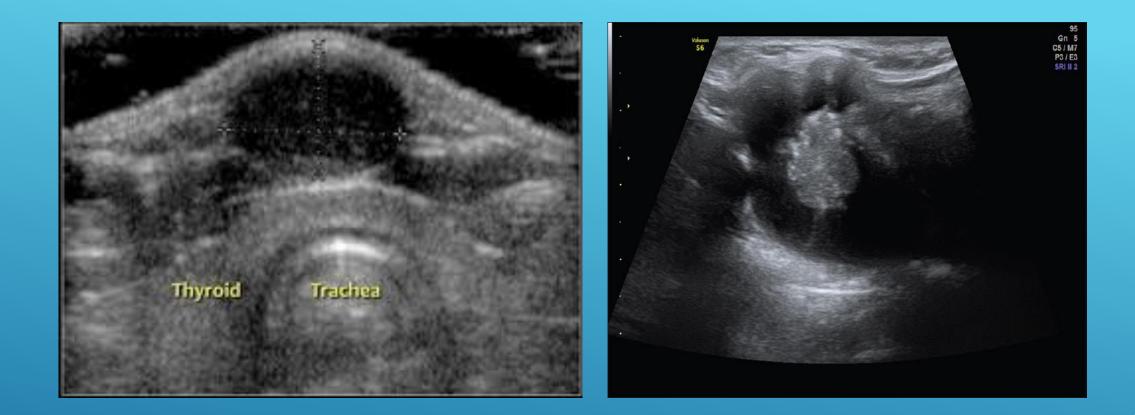
Movement with tongue protrusion in case of mid line neck swellings Eg-Thyroglossal cyst & Thyroglossal Fistula.

Why Swelling Moves with Tongue Protrusion? Because the swelling is Attached to Foramen Caecum of Posterior 2/3rds of the tongue



Most common location: midline at or below the hyoid bone 2nd most common location: suprahyoid





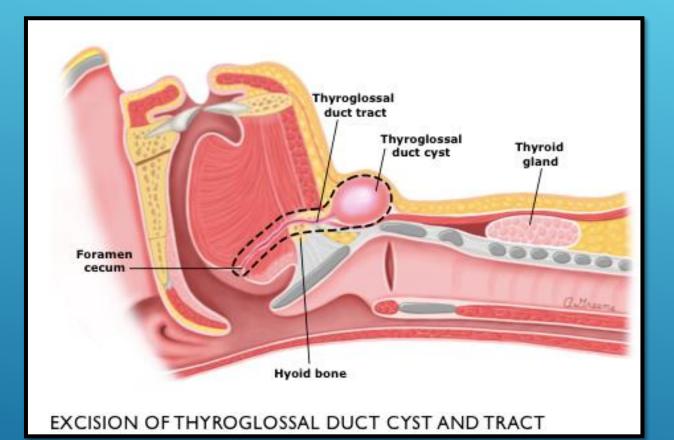
- Confirm the diagnosis
- Evaluate for suspicious features (micro-calcification and a mural component) FNAC

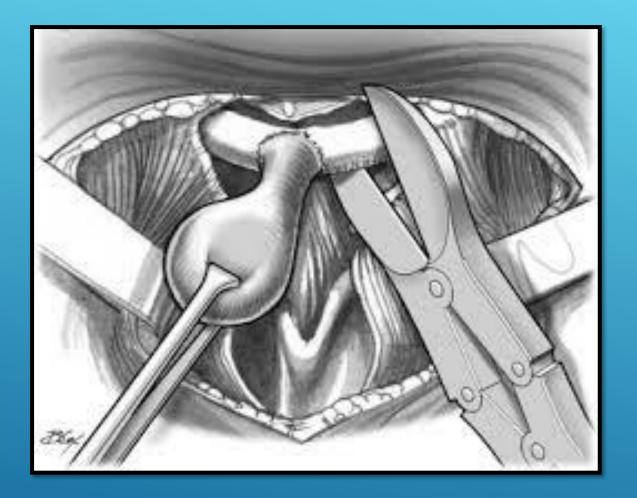
Risk of infection

Risk of sinus formation related to cyst rupture "Midline opening with or without a palpable cyst"

Risk of malignancy < 2% ; most common is PTC 2nd is SCC / MTC not reported

Sistrunk's Procedure





Reduces recurrence from up to 60% to < 10 %

Thyroglossal Duct Cyst

- Most common congenital neck mass (70%)
- 50% present before age 20
- Midline (75%) or near midline (25%)
- Usually just inferior to hyoid bone (65%)
- Elevates on swallowing/protrusion of tongue
- Treatment is surgical removal (Sis trunk) after resolution of any infection

