

## physical examination (Leopold's Maneuvers) + (Fundal height)

- Exposure = (Riphesternum — symphysis pubis)

### - Fundal height

↳ importance = Correlation to the GA Best correlation (18 - 32 w)

- ↖ [ - start at the l2w → become Abdominal organ  
- Reach the max. height → 38 w  
- Engagement at 40 w

↖ Site = GA ]

symphysis = 12

Umbilical = 20

Xiphi. = 36

From the umbilical and above every 1cm = 1w

### Q How to do it?

1. By the ulnar side of your hand → the 1st bulge you feel is = fundus
2. measure from the fundus → symphysis
3. every 1cm = 1w

### - DDx for small for GA

#1 = wrong date

2) Oligo hydro

3) ROM

4) IUGD, IUGR

### - DDx for large for date

#1 = wrong Date

2.) MG

3.) Poly hydramn.

4.) Macrosomia

5.) Molar

6.) Fibroid

★ Before you do Leopold you should do 3 preparation :-

1. Empty the bladder
2. Position = head high + knee below  $\Rightarrow$  put at least 1 pillow
3. Exposure

★ Thing if you finds  $\Rightarrow$  don't do Leopold

- 1. below 28 weeks  $\Rightarrow$  less reliable
- 2. twins  $\Rightarrow$  because less informative
- 3. Contracted uterus  $\Rightarrow$  less reliable
- 4. morbid obesity
- 5. Severe polyhydramn.

(1) Fundal Grip  $\Rightarrow$  which is the part of the fetus occupying the fundus ?

(2) Lateral Grip (Umbilical Grip)  $\Rightarrow$  lie

- (2) where is the back  $\Rightarrow$  listen to fetal heart !
- (3) amount of fluid around the baby

(3) 1st pelvic Grip (Pawlick's)

$\hookrightarrow$  presentation = what is the part of the baby occupying this area ?

(4) 2nd pelvic Grip

$\hookrightarrow$  Engagement = the percentage of the presenting part in the pelvic ?